

## Y4 On Top Of The World Learning Sequence

**Synopsis:** Children investigate physical and human features with a focus on mountains and mountain ranges. They consolidate and develop their understanding of different word classes and apply a broader range of figurative language.

In **Science**, children investigate food chains, types of teeth and digestion.

In **Geography**, children focus on human and physical features of mountains.

In **Art**, children use textiles to develop sewing skills.

In **D&T**, children explore how food is grown, reared, caught and processed.

In **Computing**, children use inputs to control sprite/background for story.

### English

*Write a narrative based on a mountain adventure.*

#### English Objectives

##### Comprehension

- Ask relevant questions and discuss their understanding, explaining the meaning of words in context
- Make reasoned predictions of what might happen clearly derived from details both stated and implied

##### Grammar & Punctuation

- Use a wider range of subordinating conjunctions (*before, after, while, when, if, because, although*) (Y3)
- Express time, place and cause using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions (Y3)
- Use fronted adverbials
- Use commas after fronted adverbials

##### Language & Vocabulary

- Use varied and rich vocabulary including adjective, expanded noun phrases, adverbs, preposition phrases, collective nouns, similes and alliteration (Y3)
- Vary sentence openers for effect (Y3)
- Broaden range of figurative language to include metaphors, personification and repetition

#### English Learning Sequence

##### English Learning Sequence

- Choose a text related to mountains/adventure, eg *Everest, My Side of the Mountain*
- Read text to the children/encourage independent reading of the text/s
- Devise questions about the text after an introduction to it – note which questions are answered during the book. Review and discuss those which weren't answered
- Predict events from title and front cover and at various points within the book. Justify predictions with reference to the text
- Discuss characters within the book – how are they portrayed, what do you like/dislike about them?
- Recap word classes taught to date including expanded noun phrases, verbs, adverbs, preposition phrases, collective nouns
- Read extracts as a class and 'magpie' key words and phrases that capture the reader's interest, eg '... shining brightly on the roof of the world'

- Begin to interweave character, setting and plot

### Plan, Draft, Edit & Evaluate

- Discuss and record ideas
- Draw on examples of writing when planning own work
- Compose and practise sentences orally using an increasingly wide range of vocabulary and sentence structure
- Suggest changes to grammar and vocabulary
- Organise paragraphs around a theme: use paragraphs/sections to help organise content.
- Proofread work for spelling/punctuation errors
- Assess others' and own writing, suggesting improvements

In addition to the above, teachers should apply general spelling rules and guidance, as listed in [English Appendix 1](#) and ensure concepts and skills outlined in [English Appendix 2](#) are also addressed.

- Check understanding of words and phrases in context
- Build on previously-taught figurative language (alliteration, similes, repetition) and introduce metaphors and personification
- Explore and evaluate examples of metaphors and personification - why does the writer use these techniques? How does figurative language paint a vivid picture in the reader's head?
- Plan writing of the narrative – what are the main events, who are the main characters? Add detail such as figurative language
- Model how to turn ideas into complete sentences. Encourage children to use a range of sentence openers (including fronted adverbials) and sentence types: simple, compound and complex
- Edit and improve writing to produce final piece

## English

*Write a non-chronological report about mountains or mountaineers.*

### English Objectives

#### Comprehension

- Identify main ideas across paragraphs and summarise these
- Independently retrieve and confidently record information from non-fiction

#### Grammar & Punctuation

- Use a wider range of subordinating conjunctions (*before, after, while, when, if, because, although*)
- Choose nouns and pronouns accurately for clarity and cohesion
- Use apostrophes for plural possession

#### Text Structure & Features

- Be exposed to books that are structured in different ways
- Reflect understanding of audience and purpose through choice of

### English Learning Sequence

- Explain that children are going to research a range of mountains/mountaineers
- Share examples of non-fiction texts, discussing layout, organisation and features
- Model identifying main ideas in a section of a text and summarising them
- Ask children to choose a section of text and do the same
- Generate a list of questions that children would like to find the answers to about different mountains/mountaineers
- Allow children to carry out own research, taking notes from books and/or websites, to summaries key points. Use features of non-fiction books to navigate information

<p>grammar, vocabulary and structure</p> <p><b>Plan, Draft, Edit &amp; Evaluate</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discuss and record ideas</li> <li>• Draw on examples of writing when planning own work</li> <li>• Compose and practise sentences orally using an increasingly wide range of vocabulary and sentence structure</li> <li>• Suggest changes to grammar and vocabulary</li> <li>• Proofread work for spelling/punctuation errors</li> <li>• Assess others' and own writing, suggesting improvements</li> </ul> <p>In addition to the above, teachers should apply general spelling rules and guidance, as listed in <a href="#">English Appendix 1</a> and ensure concepts and skills outlined in <a href="#">English Appendix 2</a> are also addressed.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Once notes complete, children orally practise turning these into sentences using a wide range of sentence types</li> <li>• Focus on use of adverbials for different reasons: contrast, explain, add information etc. Discuss how these are used for cohesion between ideas and across paragraphs</li> <li>• Children organise their information into paragraphs around a theme, considering audience and purpose</li> <li>• Edit and improve writing to produce final piece</li> </ul>
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**Science**

*Investigate food chains, types of teeth and digestion.*

<p><b>Science Objectives</b></p> <p><b>Scientific Knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans</li> <li>• Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions</li> <li>• Construct and interpret a variety of food chains identifying producers, predators and prey</li> <li>• Identify similarities, differences, changes related to a scientific process</li> </ul>	<p><b>Science Learning Sequence</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Link to mountains (habitats in mountains and mountaineer diet)</li> <li>• Play a game of Who Eats What – matching cards/snap (see Resource Pack)</li> <li>• Preferably outside, assign each child a role eg grass, rabbit, fox and see if they can create a human food chain by linking arms. Discuss what is meant by food chain eg What is at the start? What is at the end?</li> <li>• Give children cut up images from a food chain – can they put them in order? Omit some images and generate ideas for what is missing/why</li> <li>• Add arrows and key words eg producer, consumer, prey, predator. Discuss definitions and add to chain</li> <li>• Children complete their own food chain applying knowledge</li> <li>• Point out that different animals in chain have different types of teeth. Children raise questions as to why this might be</li> <li>• Name and identify functions of types of teeth eg canine, molar, incisor</li> </ul>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Match teeth to animal, explaining reasons using scientific language eg A fox has long, sharp canines to rip flesh from its prey.</li> <li>• Linking teeth to digestive system, children investigate where our food goes after being in our mouths and label a simple diagram eg stomach, intestine</li> <li>• Ensure children understand scientific terms eg digest</li> </ul>
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## Geography

*Focus on human and physical features of mountains and mountain ranges.*

<p><b>Geography Objectives</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain geographical similarities and differences (Regions of the UK/European country) and communicate geographically</li> <li>• Locate more countries of Europe and N/S America using maps and identify environmental regions, key human/physical features including cities</li> <li>• Explore how some aspects of physical and human characteristics have changed over time</li> <li>• Describe and understand aspects of physical geography</li> <li>• Securely use world maps, atlases and globes and use digital mapping</li> <li>• Begin to observe, record and present human/physical features of local area using maps, sketches, plans, graphs, digital technology</li> </ul>	<p><b>Geography Learning Sequence</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure children know names of continents/oceans and can locate Equator</li> <li>• Use maps and atlases to locate mountain ranges of the world</li> <li>• In-depth study of mountains – where they are, how they affect human activity and how they have changed over time</li> <li>• Compare mountainous regions in various parts of the world, looking for similarities and differences eg Andes v Rockies; Pyrenees v Himalayas</li> <li>• Describe the physical features of these locations using geographical language eg looking at biomes, fauna, flora, topography</li> <li>• Make links between mountainous ranges and human activity, eg tourism</li> <li>• Communicate findings geographically using writing, diagrams, photographs, charts and maps</li> </ul>
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## Art

*Use textiles to develop sewing skills.*

<p><b>Art Objectives</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create sketchbooks to record and revisit observations</li> <li>• In textiles, use basic cross and back stitch</li> <li>• Use a range of artistic vocabulary to discuss and evaluate work</li> </ul>	<p><b>Art Learning Sequence</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discuss kinds of clothes that mountaineers may need, i.e. waterproof, insulated etc.</li> </ul>
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- Apply art and design techniques with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness
- Draw on work of other artists for inspiration and begin to emulate their style
- Know about great artists, architects and designers and how their art/design reflected and shaped our history and contributed to the culture of our nation

- Handle real examples of clothes, examining the stitching used and how the material fits together
- Investigate simple clothing patterns and how the different elements fit together
- Recap basics of measuring, matching thread and material colour and threading a needle etc.
- Using swatches of off-cut materials, children practise a basic running stitch
- Introduce children to other types of stitch eg cross-stitch, back-stitch, basting stitch and allow children to practise.
- Demonstrate when each stitch is most appropriate
- With link to making clothes, research the work of a famous designer and the process of designing and making clothes

## D&T

*Explore how food is grown, reared, caught and processed.*

### D&T Objectives

- Know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed

### D&T Learning Sequence

- Consider types of farming/agriculture related to various regions of the world and research these
- Can they spot any patterns eg fishing around coastal areas, crops in large, rural areas?
- Discuss which produce is grown, processed, reared or caught by sorting food types
- Choose one aspect to investigate in more detail eg fisheries
- Using understanding of how ingredients are grown, caught, reared and processed, design a menu for a mountaineer
- Explain why ingredients chosen and which area they reflect
- Identify any obstacles/changes to farming and explain reasons for this eg moves towards local produce, decrease in intense farming, the rise of veganism

## Computing

*Use inputs to control sprite/background for story.*

## Computing Objectives

- Use logical reasoning to understand how algorithms work
- Detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
- Start to use sequence, selection and repetition in programs
- Write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including simulating physical systems
- Begin to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts
- Work with variables and various forms of input/output

## Computing Learning Sequence

- Recap on how code is used in everyday life
- Explore how code is used to control physical systems (eg drink machines, bar codes)
- Investigate outputs using a control box and how the code may turn various outputs on and off eg traffic lights or lighthouse
- Design simple game with focus on background and moving sprite
- Write a code to make a sprite draw various 2D and 3D shapes, thinking about internal and external angles